The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1818. New Series, No. 68.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

Notice.

In pursuance of instructions from the Board of Managers of the Philapelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company, notice is given that no other notes than the following will be received in payment for carriage at the office of the company at Pittsburgh after this date.

Bank of Pittsburgh,
Westmoreland,
Bedford,
Chambersburgh,
Carlisle Bank,
Harrisburgh,
Lancaster,
Offices of Discount & Deposit
U. S. Bank,

and notes at par in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WM. ROBINSON, Jr. Agent.

Pittsburgh, December 15.

A CARD

MRS. WARRINGTON respectfully informs the Ladies of Pittsburgh, that she has opened a STORE in *Fourth street*, between *Market street* and *Chancery lane*, with a select assortment of GOODS brought with her from England, consisting of,

White and Black Straw and Chip bonnets; fancy ribbons; plain striped, and figured muslins; ostrich feathers, &c. And a few dresses made up in the latest English fashions which she will feel pleasure in showing.

She intends to commence the Millinery, Pelisse and Dress Making Business, and to make or alter Straw Bonnets; and flatters herself from her experience in England, she will be able to give satisfaction to those ladies who favour her with their commands.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1818.

Cash for ASHES.

THE highest market price will be given for GOOD, CLEAN

Wood Ashes,

BY

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELL,

Who wish to purchase a quantity of

Black Salts.

Pittsburgh, December 15.

Irish Linens.

Fifty Pieces Irish Linens,

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW-YORK,

And For Sale on *Very Low Terms* by

ARMSTRONG & EWING.

Wood, between First and Second street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1818.——3t

A Card

WILLIAM EVENS returns his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons for past favours, respectfully informs them and the lovers of sacred music, generally, that he will recommence teaching as soon as a sufficient number of scholars can be obtained. Tuition, three dollars per quarter—two evenings per week—accomodations provided by him.

W. E. flatters himself from the experience of twelve years as a leader and teacher in choirs and congregations at the eastward, and in Upper and Lower Canada, he is competent to instruct his pupils in tune and time.——NO PATENT NOTES. December 11.

Wanted,

A BOY, from 15 to 16 years of age, who can come well recommended, as an apprentice to the Watch-making and Silver-smithing business.

N. W. SMITH,

Wood street between Diamond Alley & 4th st.

December 15.

A Quantity

OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY

BACON,

For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, July 24

GLOSER & Co.

Commission Merchants,

Have REMOVED from Wood street to Front street, adjoining Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Where they offer For Sale, on accommodating terms, and cheap.

TEAS, of superior quality,
Coffee—green in barrels,
Cut Nails—assorted,

An Invoice of

FRENCH GOODS,

Consisting of Linen Cambrics, linen cambric handkerchiefs, gloves, bonnets, trimmings for ball dresses, artificial flowers.

CLOTH—superior,
German linen, linen bedtickings, and an assortment, of

German Goods,

AND

HARDWARE,

Roller Iron and Straw-knives,
Mackarel—new, in half barrels, for family use,
Holland Gin, of the best quality & as imported

ALSO

Conemaugh Salt.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818.

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st of October next,

The Warehouse,

NOW occupied by ALLEN & GRANT, in Wood Street, near the Monongahela River. For particulars apply to,

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, August 15, 1818.

Doctor Van-sweitan's

CELEBRATED

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF a quality superior to any thing of the kinds ever offered as a General Medicine in this country, now faithfully prepared from a Recipe of the justly celebrated Doctor Van-Sweitan, who, from a long residence in the West India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete methods of curing the Bilious diseases of the warm climates.

THIS extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to Mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Bills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of Bile is without example, never producing debility or injuring the health in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female. The Bilious Head-ache so much complained of in this country and in the neighborhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which to a strong man is only five pills and to a weakly woman three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the Cholic, by causing the bile to pas downwards in the course of an hour or two.

In Phthisical cases, where the laborious breathe ing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few pills, one taken every hour, with Fennel or Peppermint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The Dysentery, Croup and Summer complaint of children, are soon relieved by a few doses—a single pill to a child of five years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age. A single pill taken every fourth hour with a cup of Flax-seed tea, will cure the pleurisy, promote expectoration and relieve Coughs and colds

Two or three pills taken an hour before dinner and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from Flatulence and Indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

In Consumptive cases and diseases of the Liver, no medicine ever yet discovered has been known to perform such cures—two pills taken every third morning will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails, in which case the dose must be increased according to the strength or constitution.

Two pills taken at bed-time, with a cup of Pennyroyal tea, and repeated every second night will effectually remove Rheumatic pains where-ever situated.

A supply of the above Pills For Sale by

JOSEPH HILL & CO

Druggists, Market street, Pittsburgh.

ober 30, 1818. Oct

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, BY

Abraham Small,

PHILADELPHIA,

And for sale by JOHN G. O'BRIEN,

PITTSBURGH:

THE GENTLEMAN'S

Pocket Remembrancer,

FOR 1819.

CONTAINING—An Almanack.

Ruled Pages for memorandums, for every day throughout the year,

Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize
Tares, Drawbacks, Drafts, and Allowaces, together with the late Navigation Act.
Officers of the Customs, Naval officers and Publick Appraisers.
Information concerning Patents.
The Post Office Establishment.
An Official Army List.
Divisions, Department, Pay and Subsistence of the Army.
Naval Register complete—Navy Agents and Navy Yards, and Registers of the Vessels of the Navy Marine Corps.
Civil Department of the United States, Executive, Judiciary, Territorial,
Distict Land Offices.
Intercourse with Foreign Nations, Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from every nation with which we have Commercial Relations.
The Directors and Cashiers of the United States Bank and all its Branches.

(Copy Right Secured.)

ALSO,

THE AMERICAN

Ladies Pocket Book,

FOR 1819.

Ornamented with a beautiful Frontispiece, containing an elegant group of Females, in the most fashionable dresses of the year. Also, an engraved title, with a Lady in a fashionable walking dress.

Common Notes, Eclipses, and Almanack.
Ruled pages for Memorandums, and Atcounts, for every day in the year.
Description of Pitcairn's Island.
Letter of Bishop Watson on the Recognition of Friends in a Future State.
Esssay on Female Dress, on Geography, on Marriage, on the Morality of the Battledore.
Interesting Account of the Cherokee Schools.
Selected Poetry
Answers to last year's Enigmas, Charades, Rebusses, &c. a large Collection of new ones for the present year.
New Country Dances and Waltzes.
Celebrated Songs, Marketing Table, &c. &c,

October 28—law6t

RYE

COMMANDS

Sixty-two Cents Cash,

per Bushel, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

Pittburgh, October 13, 1818

Notice.

ON Saturday the 21st of October, a BARREL of APPLE-BUTTER, was put on my dray, to be hauled to Wood street, where no owner could be found; the property therefore remains in my possession, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges, on application to PATRICK M'CARTNEY,

Second street.

Pittsburgh, December 4.

Dissolution of Partnership

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, trading under the firm of *Peebles, Tweedy & Co.* was dissolved on the 24th ult. The business of said firm will be settled by Robert Peebles and Henry Tweedy, who are duly authorised for that purpose. Persons indebted to said firm will make payment to them, and those having accounts against it, will present them as above for settlement.

Robert Peebles,
Reuben Tweedy,
Smith Tweedy,
John M'Kee.

N. B. The partnership of the subscribers, trading under the firm of *Peebles & M'Kee*, was also dissolved on the 24th inst. The business of the concern will be settled by the subscribers.

Robert Peebles,
John M'Kee.

Pittsburgh, November 27, 1818.

ROBERT PEEBLES,

Informs his friends and the public, that he continues his

Hat Manufactory

At the OLD STANDS, on the corner of Market and Front Streets and in the Diamond, where the orders of his friends and customers will be thankfully received and executed on the usual terms, at the shortest notice. He will keep constantly on hand a general and complete assortment of every article in his line of busness.

Pittsburgh, November 30, 1818.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop— for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—it being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

Conveyancing.

THE subscriber having resigned his situation as clerk of the County Commissioners, is enabled to attend more exclusively to the business of Conveyancing.

WRITINGS of every description, will be neatly drawn, on moderate terms and on the shortest notice.

He hopes from his knowledge of the business, and his industry and attention to merit and receive a liberal share of conveyancing custom.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, November 17, 1818.

WAREHOUSE,

At Evansville,

MOUTH OF PIGEON CREEK.

THE Subscriber having rented the Ware-House formerly kept by Mr. *Elisha Harrison*, respectfully tenders his services to the public for the purpose of transacting *Commission Business*.

All Consignments intrusted to his care will be punctually attended to. A. B. GILL.

Evansville, (Ia.) Sept. 16——6t

On New-Year's Day,

Will be drawn from the wheels of the GRAND STATE LOTTERY, 6th class, the following Grand Capitals, viz.

ONE OF

$50 000

5 of 10,000—14 of 1000, each

Those ladies and gentlemen who are in the habit of bestowing *New-Year's* presents upon their children and friends, are advised to call at

ALLENS'

Corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh

nd procure one of the above description.

Untill Monday the 21st they can be had for the moderate sum of $40—after that day the price will be enhanced to $45.

December 15.

Fourth Proof RUM.

H. DOANE.

Corner of Wood and First streets, Pittsburgh,

Has received a consignment of TWENTY-THREE BARRELS FOURTH PROOF

Spirits,

Which he will sell low.—ON HAND—A few pieces of low priced COATINGS and BAIZES.—Tobacco, Iron, Castings, Glass,

Ironmongery, Hardware, etc. etc.

December 11.——3mo

N. B. TO BE LET the HOUSE attached to the Store.

FRESH GOODS.

M. S. MASON,

HAS just received at his Wholesale Warehouse, in Wood street

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS;

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling & coarse CLOTHS,
Coatings, Fearnoughts, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths,
Flannels, rose and point Blankets,
Bombazetts, Velveteens and Cords,
Irish Linens, patent steam loom Shirtings,
Ginghams, Prints and Furniture,
Madrass Handkerchiefs,
9-8 and 6-4 cambric Muslins, Lenos
Damask Table Cloths,
Men's and women's worsted Hosiery,
Kersy Shawls and Scarfs,
Black silk, Canton and flag Handkerchief.
Cashmere, merino and imitation Shawls,
Sarsanetts, &c.

TOGETHER WITH A VARIETY OF

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Checks,
Chambrays, Shirtings.

Which are offered for sale low, by the package or piece on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

M'Kee and Tweedy.

JOHN M'KEE and HENRY TWEEDY, late of the firm of Peebles and M'Kee, and Peebles, Tweedy and Company, have entered into partnership, under the firm of

M'KEE & TWEEDY,

HATTERS,

and have opened their establishment at the corner of Second and Market streets, opposite Mr. Little's, saddler—where all orders will be punctually attended to. A full supply of HATS constantly kept on hand.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818. tf

JUST RECEIVED,

WHICH will be sold low for cash or or notes at 60 days, a quantity of

Racoon, Beaver and Otter kins.

We will also pay CASH on the 1st December for

500 bbls. Superfine Flour,

at $4 75 per Barrel.

IRWIN & H. WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Sept 22, 1818 tf

I will Sell,

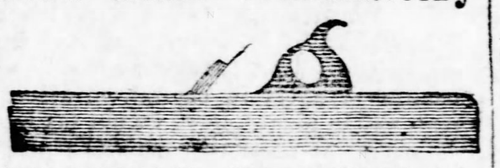
ON reasonable terms, Lot No. 31, containing 6 acres, on the bank of the Allegheny river, below and adjoining a lot of William Robinson—also, Lot No. 30, containing 9 acres, adjoining the above. A lot in the town of Allegheny, on Beaver street, adjoining Thomas Semple—also a Lot in Mechanics' Retreat, near the town of Allegheny.

For the above property, or any part of it, I will take *Stock* of the *Farmers' and Mechanics Bank* of Pittsburgh, in payment.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

New Plane Manufactory



SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO

Wood street, between Diamond Alley & Fourth street.

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANIC'S and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the union, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, they will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

MY BROTHER DRYDEN FORWARD, is connected with me in my professional business, and may be consulted in all cases.

WALTER FORWARD.

December 4. ——3

*When I relinquished the publi*cation of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bill hold, will pay attention to this notice.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JANUARY, WINANS & JANUARY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to *Samuel January, Senr. & Co.* by whom the Storage and Commission business will be transacted in future.

Those having claims against said firm wil apply as above.

SAMUEL JANUARY, *Senr.*
MATTHIAS WINANS,
SAMUEL A. JANUARY.

Maysville, April 18, 1818.——tf

Monongahela Bridge

NOTICE is hereby given that the gates of this bridge will be opened on Saturday the 26th inst. for foot passengers, horsemen, carriages, empty waggons of any size, and loaded light waggons; and the following are the rates of toll viz—

RATE OF TOLL.

		Dols.	Cts.
EVERY foot passenger,			2
Every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 4 wheels and drawn by 6 horses,			62½
Every such carriage drawn by	5 horses		50
Every such carriage	4 horses		37½
Every such carriage	3 horses		31
Every such carriage	2 horses		25
Every such carriage	1 horse		20
Every carriage used for the purpose of accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels and drawn by 4 horses,			62½
Every such carriage drawn by	2 horses,		50
Every such carriage	1 horse,		31
Every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 2 wheels and drawn by 4 horses			37½
Every such carriage drawn by	3 horses		31
Every such carriage	2 horses		25
Every such carriage	1 horse		18
Every chair, or other two wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse used therein			18
Every sleigh or sled drawn by	4 horses		25
Every sleigh or sled	3 horses		20
Every sleigh or sled	2 horses		18
Every sleigh or sled	1 horse		12½
Every horse, mare or gelding with rider			6
Every horse, mare or gelding without a rider			6
Every carriage drawn by oxen or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in proportion of two oxen for one horse, and in all cases a mule shall be rated the same as a horse			
Every head of horned or muley cattle			3
Every head of sheep or swine			2

JOHN THAW, *Treasurer.*

Pittsburgh, Nov. 26, 1818.——t1stA.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles;

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon WINES, *of a superior quality.*
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits,
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. m&2w.

Lexington Coffee House,

SIGN OF THE INDIAN QUEEN

Lexington, Ken.

LANPHEAR AND CARTER,

HAVE fitted up the above spacious and convenient premises for the accommodation of TRAVELLERS & BOARDERS.

A part of it is separate and exclusively appropriated to families. The stable is one of the best in the state.

L. & C. pledge their best endeavors to afford every comfort and luxury to be had in the Western country

December 1,

Dupont's Brandywine

POWDER.

JUST RECEIVED, 250 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFFg,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE RIFLE POWDER

For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

Copper & Tin Warehouse.

WILLIAM KEPNER,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH,

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

STILLS

Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, HATTERS DITTO, | WASH KETTLES BRASS DITTO.

JAPANNED WARE.

Which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for cash, or approved paper.

☞Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817.——Tf.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1818

Paddock's Narrative.

This work, which is a narrative of the loss of the ship Oswego upon the coast of Barbary, and of the sufferings of the crew, is introduced to the public with a modest preface written by the author. He has also prefixed to it some letters of introduction, which stamp a character of veracity upon his unassuming tale, which might otherwise have been denied it by many of his readers. Indeed the public have been so often imposed on by the fictions of travellers that something of this kind has now become necessary. Captain Paddock commences by informing us, that being an unlettered man, he "can tell his story only in a plain way," and he has done it in a manner for which he has really no cause to blush; on the contrary we are proud to receive such an acquisition to the literary store of our country, from a source whence so little was expected. We consider this work of importance, not only as it affords much information with regard to a country hitherto but little known, but as it corroborates the statements of Capt. Riley, and rescues that gentleman from the suspicions which have been entertained as to his veracity. There is indeed a striking coincidence in the fate of the two voyagers. Capt. Paddock sailed from Liverpool in the year 1800, in the ship Oswego, of Hudson, in ballast, bound to the Cape de Verd Islands, to take in a load of salt, &c. for New York. Upon taking his departure he immediately shaped his course for Madeira. Nothing material occurred until he had made, as he supposed, the latitude of the Island, which according to his reckoning, lay to the westward of him, and he accordingly steered in that direction. Not finding land however, he altered his course to the S. W. and then to S. S. W. Several consultations now took place between the Master and his Mates, but in no one instance did they advert to the possibility of their being near the Barbary coast; on the contrary, when disappointed in their expectations of making the Island of Madeira, they concluded that they had run too far to the westward. On the night of the 2d of April however, they descried breakers and shortly after the vessel struck. In the morning Capt. P. and his hapless crew landed upon an inhospitable coast, which from its appearance they were induced to believe was that of Barbary as it afterwards proved. Their first plan of escape from the horrors which then threatened them, was to fit up their long boat and to embark in it for their place of destination. They began to execute this plan with the alacrity of men who felt that their lives and liberty depended on their exertions; but their hopes were frustrated by the misconduct of one of their number. Capt. P. then determined to attempt to travel by land to St. Cruz, which he supposed to lie about 180 miles to the southward of the spot where he was wrecked. This calculation he made upon the presumption that a Cape he discovered a few miles to the westward was Cape Nun, which by his reckoning at sea, he had left far to the North and East. The unfortunate little band now commenced their weary pilgrimage, hungry, fatigued, and in the trembling anticipation of a thousand unknown dangers. Their distresses, heavy and numerous as they were, were soon increased by an unfortunate collision among themselves, and when they had accomplished about 50 miles of their journey, all of the company which consisted of 13 persons, determined to return to the wreck, except the Captain and two blacks, who persevered in the first intention. A few days after the separation however, both parties were taken by the Arabs, and again brought together, and parcelled out among these savages. Our narrow limits will not permit us to detail the various and exquisite sufferings to which our little band were now subjected, nor the many artifices and entreaties to which Capt. P. was now obliged to resort to induce their new masters to carry them to Mogadore. By adopting, however, a plan similar to that of Capt. Riley, he succeeded in persuading an avaricious Arab, to carry them up to the British Consul at that place, for ransom.

The conduct of Capt. P. throughout his perilous adventures, appears to have been firm and prudent; and his observations upon the country through which he passed, and the manners and customs of its inhabitants, are those of a plain, shrewd, intelligent man. There is a view of honest simplicity running through his narrative which gives it an appearance of veracity which it is not easy to suspect; and the whole is detailed with a modesty which among travellers is very rare. We have little hesitation, therefore, in recommending the work. We cannot conclude without expressing a hope, that some of those who are competent to the task will undertake to investigate the causes which have produced such woeful mistakes in the reckonings of navigators upon this part of African coast. It is well known that there is a strong current along the coast of Barbary, but it is probable that there are some powerful eddies or counter currents which have hitherto escaped the notice of geographers, and have fatally baffled the skill of many other unfortunate mariners besides captains Riley and Paddock. The information of these gentlemen will be interesting as well on these subjects, as with regard to the interior of a country so little known, and so painfully and unexpectedly explored.

The following petition is now in circulation. There can be no doubt but that every citizen in the western country will sign it.

To the Honorable, the Senate, and House of Representatives, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The petition of the undersigned merchants, manufacturers, and inhabitants of the City of Pittsburgh, respectfully represents:

That among the many objects of internal improvement, which have been lately recommended to your zeal, for the welfare of the state, we beg leave to draw your attention to the one which would, in our opinion, be of most immediate and general benefit; and must be now undertaken, or correspondent loss will ensue.

We mean the completion of such a road between the city of Philadelphia and the head of the Ohio, as may be used for the transportation of merchandise, and the produce of the farms of our state, upon as easy terms as the free road, now making by the Federal government, commonly called the Cumberland road. By this, we intend to ask your aid only so far as that waggons for transportation of goods, and carrying to market the produce of farms, guarding against the injury of the road, by broad wheels, may be totally exempt from paying toll, which may be collected from other persons, using the same as usual, so as to afford a fund for repairs.

Having lately, largely experienced the munificence of the government, in objects of public improvements, in and near our city, we must hasten to state, that what we now solicit you to grant is not so much for our benefit as citizens of this place, but will be most felt in Philadelphia, where all the goods to be transported on this road will be sold, and will be particularly advantageous to all the intermediate farmers, by permitting them to carry their produce to market, free of toll, and lastly over all the country thro' which the road passes, & where the carriage paid for the transportation of merchandise will be mostly laid out and thereby afford an excellent market for grass and grain at the door of all the farmers on, and near the road. Of the value of this benefit in every respect, your honours can be convinced by documents which calculate the sum so paid out here, at no less than one million and an half of dollars per annum.

Of the danger of loosing this valuable circulation through our state, you must be at once convinced, by considering that on the one side, within a few years, a supero road will be afforded the western states, toll free—and on the other side, we see, even now, in New York, offers made for the transportation of goods to Pittsburgh, through the northern lakes, at five dollars per hundred pounds—whilst from Philadelphia direct, the carriage has rated from six to eight dollars per 100 cwt.

Nevertheless, we confidently hope that a due share of this valuable business, may still be preserved to *Old Pennsylvania* with *Philadelphia* at its head, in consideration of all the advantages of accommodation it offers in capital, in assortment, and in plenty, if we do not tax our customers, by subjecting them to a positive pecuniary loss, in the use of our roads, in preference to those of our neighbouring states.

We therefore pray your Honourable Houses to devise such measures, as may in your opinion be sufficient to complete as soon as possible, a good and substantial road from Philadelphia to this city, as may be used free of toll by broad wheeled waggons engaged in the transportation of merchandise, and carrying to market the produce of our farms.

We beg leave to mention in conclusion that we are happy to see the improvement of the navigation from this city to Wheeling recommended to your Honourable Houses, by his Excellency the Governor, which object offering no great difficulty, we believe the communication with the western waters through Pennsylvania and Pittsburgh, will then be quite as convenient as the one now making through Maryland and Wheeling, and your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Pittsburgh, December, 17th, 1818.

ANCIENT ART.—It appears from the foreign prints, that arrangements are now making at Rome, for the construction of an apparatus to fish in the river Tiber, in the hope of regaining some of the sculptural and other vestiges of Ancient Art, which once adorned that celebrated and beautiful city. It is truly astonishing that this speculative process has remained so long unattended to, though so often pressed on the attention of the Papal government. When the celebrated Mr. Addison, was in Rome, nearly a century ago, he made the following remarks on this subject:

[*Columbian.*

"But the great magazine of all kinds of treasure is supposed to be the bed of the Tiber We may be sure, that when the Romans lay under the apprehension of seeing their city sacked by a barbarous enemy, as they have done more than once, that they would take care to bestow such of their riches, this way, as could best bear the water, besides what the insolence of a brutish conqueror, may be supposed to have contributed, who had an ambition to waste and destroy all the beauties of so celebrated a city. I need not mention the old common sewer of Rome, which ran from all parts of the town with the current and violence of an ordinary river; nor the frequent inundations of the Tiber, which may have swept away many of the ornaments of its banks; nor the several statues that the Romans themselves flung into it, when they would revenge themselves on the memory of a bad citizen, a dead tyrant, or a discarded favorite. At Rome, they have so general opinion of the riches of this river, that the Jews had formerly proffered the pope to cleanse it, if they might have for their pains, what they found in the bosom of it.

I have seen the valley near Ponte-Melle, which they proposed to fashion into a new channel for it till they cleared the old for its reception. The Pope, however, would not comply with the proposal, as fearing the heats might advance too far before they had finished their work, and produce a pestilence among his people; though I don't see why such a design might not be executed now with as little danger as in Augustus's time, were there as many hands employed upon it the city of Rome would derive great advantage from the undertaking, as it would raise the banks and deepen the bed of the Tiber, and by consequence free them from those frequent inundations to which they are so subject at present; for the channel of the river is observed to be narrower within the walls than either below or above them.

From the New-York Commercial Advertiser, of Dec. 10

FROM RIO JANEIRO.

By the arrival this morning of the brig James Murdock, we have advices from Rio Janeiro to the 4th of October. A passenger states that Artigas, with 800 troops, had been successful in several late skirmishes with the Portuguese; and about the 1st of September, three leagues distant from the Portuguese lines at Monte Video, he had an engagement with them, in which he took 200 horses, and from 50 to 60 prisoners, and lost but one man.—News had just reached Monte Video from Chili, that the Spanish Patriots had had several engagements on the coast of Chili, and had been successful in every instance. A large Spanish ship had arrived at Monte Video from the coast of Chili, where she had been captured by the Patriots in a number of small boats.

The New British Treaty.—We have already mentioned that a new Treaty, between Great Britain and the United States, was signed in London on the 20th of October. No information in relation to the provisions of the Treaty has yet reached this country. In speculating on the subject, the National Intelligencer of Monday thus remarks:—"The news of the signature of a Treaty with Great Britain, by our Commissioners at London, cannot but be acceptable. What are the provisions of the Treaty, it is true we are not informed; but, there is eve reason to believe, it will prove to be favourable to our interests, and respectful to our rights. It is not probable that Mr Gallatin & Mr. Rush would assent to a Treaty of any other character; &, that no extraordinary effort was necessary to procure such a one, we may infer from its having been negociated and concluded within a space of time, much shorter than is usually consumed in the formation of a Treaty, embracing stipulations respecting trade and intercourse between nations equally navigating and commercials, and particularly where the colonial trade is one of the topicks.

"It has been supposed from the suddenness of our information of the signature of a Treaty, within a month after we learnt that a negociation was in progress, that this Treaty may be nothing more than the agreement to prolong the Convention of 1815. This supposition is not correct. The Treaty is one, we hope and believe, embracing an adjustment of all material points in controversy between us and Great Britain; which, though the controversy has been & was likely to continue amicably, is neither unimportant to our mercantile interests, nor to a permanent good understanding between Great Britain and America.

"The Treaty may be expected, we presume, every day; in which case, it will, no doubt, pass the ordeal of the SENATE during the present Session of Congress."

From the Boston Patriot, Dec. 5.

The U. S. ship Hornet, Geo. C. Reed, esq. commander, was despatched by the government to Copenhagen, to convey to this country the crew of the schooner Plattsburgh of Baltimore, who are charged with piracy and the murder of the master, supercargo, and first mate of that vessel. She has accordingly brought within the district, Stephen Onion, the second mate; Daniel Sammerson, cabin steward; and Nathaniel White, John Williams, Frederick Rich, and John Peter Rog, seamen; they were yesterday landed under a marine guard from the Hornet, and delivered over to the custody of the Marshal of this District, when they, together with Niles Paterson Foreguere, another of the crew, who has been in the jail in this town some months, were examined before his honor Judge Davis, the District Judge, & committed for trial.

As the Circuit Court of the United States is yet in session, being only adjourned to Monday next, it is probable the Grand Jury will be called in to receive and act on this business, and the prisoners will have their trials with as little interval as possible. We therefore decline at the present moment making any statement of the unpleasing transaction charged to these men, lest it might have a tendency to influence the minds of those who may have to sit in judgement on their case.

The following very extraordinary case of the hydrophobia is given in the Petersburg Intelligencer.

One of the most singular cases of hydrophobia is mentioned in a German publication, on this disease, by a Mr. Christian Augustus Struve.

A gentleman, after having killed a mad dog with his sword, thoughtlessly returned it into the scabbard. Eight years after this circumstance, having a quarrel with two gentlemen, he wounded them both with the same sword. The wounds were inconsiderable, and soon healed, as is frequently the case with those occasioned by the bite of a mad dog; but again opened, after the lapse of three years, when the unfortunate men were seized with the hydrophobia and died.

Another Oil Spring—has been discovered near Cleveland. A well was sunk for the purpose of obtaining salt water, when Seneca oil rose upon the surface in such quantities, that five or six gallons are collected in a day.—*Cleveland Reg.*

By reason of the universal industry of the Chinese, together with their superior skill in husbandry, and their simple mode of living, almost every man is able to support a family; accordingly they marry young, and multiply and cover the earth like grasshoppers. They are classed in the denomination of *Pagan*, but some of their habits and customs are highly worthy the notice and attention of *Christian* people.—*London Paper.*

A gentleman from Albany informs us that real estate in that place has been very much reduced in price by the Steam Boat Navigation. Merchants from the westward who formerly made Albany their place of business, scarcely ever make a stop at that place. They calculate on the departure of each steam boat, and reach there just in time to proceed to this city; which, from its rapid improvements in commerce, seems to have become almost the only place of note.

Our informant also observes, that the citizens of Albany are fearful that the Legislature will adjourn to this city, and fix on it as the future capital of the state.

New-York Gaz.

From the National Messenger Dec. 11.

Mr. Holmes' resolution, as amended by Mr. Cobb and others, on the subject of referring so much of the President's message as related to the trial and execution of Arbuthnot and Ambrister to the committee on foreign affairs was on Wednesday last indefinitely postponed. Would that we could hide that whole transaction in impenetrable darkness!—It is one certainly calculated to tarnish the page of our history, and to throw a shade over the character of that renowned warrior Jackson, whose magnanimity and humanity were proverbial. We are glad to find that the editors of the Intelligencer have put their *veto* against the measure, though at the same time tenacious of the character of Jackson, which in no other instance we believe, has ever been sullied. Jackson may have had information of which we can have no knowledge; but even that would not justify the proceeding. It must be admitted by every rational mind, that it was a violation of all law, and an outrage upon humanity. In brief, under the information that has reached us, it is our undistinguished opinion that it was a MURDER, *and that the commanding General and every officer of the court-martial were accessaries to it.*

Caution to Purchasers.

I HAVE discovered in the Pittsburgh Gazette, of Friday the 11th inst. an advertisement over the names of David Pride and William Gormly, assignees of William Steele—for the the sale of certain lands, as therein mentioned: the sale, I am informed has been postponed until the next adjourned court of this county. I deem it a duty I owe to myself and others, to forwarn all persons at their risque, from purchasing any part or parts of the eighteen tracts said to contain 3000 acres, in Deer township, Allegheny county—or any part or parts of the 900 acres of land in Middlesex township, Butler county, as mentioned in the advertisement. I do consider myself the lawful and rightful owner of said lands, and as such, mean to contend legally, if necessary, for the same. STEPHEN LOWREY.

December 18.

Pittsburgh Prices Current

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES	From	D.	C. to	B.	C
ALE,	doz.	3			
Ashes pot,	lb.		6¾		
—— pearl,			8		
Anchors,			25		
Bacon, Kentucky,			12½		14
—— country,			12½		
Bottles,	groce	24			
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7			
—— pilot,		5			
Butter,	lb.		15		18½
Candles, mould, tallow,			25		
—— dipt,			20		
Castings assorted,	ton	120			125
Cheese,	lb.		12½		
Coffee,					40
Cotton,			35		
Cordage,			12½		15
Cider,	bbl.	2	50	3	
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8		11	
—— do. com.		5	50		
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50	9	
—— do. com.		4	50		
—— country,					
Clover seed	bush.	10			
Feathers,	lb.		62½		
Flax, clean,			12½		13
—— seed,	bush.		62½		
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6			
—— com.		5			
—— rye,	cwt.				
—— corn meal,		1	50	1	75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, Pitt. 8 by 10	box	12			
man. 100 { 10 by 12		13			
sq. feet. { 12 by 14		14			
Grain, wheat,	bush	1			87½
—— rye			50		
—— barley,			75		
—— corn,			50		62½
—— oats,			33		37½
Glue,	lb.		25		30
Gunpowder,			45		
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200			210
—— Monongahela,		180			
—— hoop, large,		235			240
—— do. small,		250			
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20		
—— do. foreign,			22		
Lead, pig,			7		
—— bar,			9		
—— red,					
—— white, dry			19		
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22			
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75	1	75
—— do. oak,		1		2	50
Leather, soal, Spanish,			38		40
—— do. country,	lb.		31		33½
—— upper,	side	3		3	50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14½		19
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes					
Oil linseed,	gal.		87½		
—— fish	bbl.	40			
Pork,		20			
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3			
—— barrell,		9			
Plaster of Paris,	ton				
Pipes,	groce	5			
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50		
—— do. 2,		4			
—— do. 3,		3	50		
—— printing demy,		3			
—— do. medium.		3	50		
—— do. royal,		4			
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50		
Peach, Brandy.	gal.		75		
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	10			
—— Lake,					
—— Kenhawa,		9			
Segars, Spanish,	box	10			
—— American,	1000	2	50		
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		11		
Skin, Deer,			16		
—— muskrat,	skin		22		25
—— racoon,			40		50
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30			35
—— American,		23			25
—— German,	lb.		25		
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Soap, white,	lb.		15		
—— rosin,			15		
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18		20
—— country,			16		
—— loaf,			34		
—— lump,			32		
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5			
Salt Petre, crude,			20		25
—— refined,			33		37½
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000				
—— oak, lap,					
Staves, hogshead,					
—— barrel,					
Tallow,			12		13
Tobacco, Kentucky,			15		18
—— Pittsburgh			23		25
—— leaf,			7		8
Tin, in boxes,	box	23			25
—— block,	lb.		30		
Wool Merino, clean,			40		62½
—— fleece,					
—— half breed,					
—— quarter,					
—— common, clean,			30		37½
—— fleece,					
Wax, bees,			25		
Whiskey, rye,	gal.		45		

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.		5½		8
Pork,			5½		8
Veal,			8		10
Mutton,			8		10
Turkeys,	piece		75	1	75
Ducks	pair		50		62½
Chickens,			37½		50
Butter,	lb.		25		30
Eggs,	doz.		18½		25
Fish,	lb.		12½		18

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR;

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

in a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, December 22.

The columns of many of the eastern papers lately received are occupied with the reports of the trials of Arbuthnot and Ambrister, with regard to which the public mind has been so long in suspense.—As these documents are too voluminous for the limits of our paper, we must refer such of our readers as may wish to peruse them in detail, to other sources. We have hitherto refrain'd from expressing an opinion with regard to the conduct of Gen. Jackson in this business, because we did not wish to form one until all the facts were before us. There is also a degree of delicacy which we think peculiarly necessary to be observed towards military officers in canvassing their actions, which often spring from motives of which we are ignorant. They sometimes act under the constraint of their superiors, and are often placed in emergencies, in which they conceive it proper rather to consider the expediency of an act, than its legality. Cases indeed frequently occur where we would give a military commander great latitude; but really we do not see that there was any thing in the affair of these men to justify the informal and hasty severity with which they were treated. One of them it seems was a leader of the hostile Indians, and therefore upon the principles of expatriation professed by our own government we had no right to consider him as a British subject; but even allowing that he was such, we know that foreigners are employed in every army in the world, and we never before heard that any criminality was attached to such service, except where it was against their own country. It may indeed be said that the man who leagues with savages becomes himself a savage, and may be knocked in the head wherever he can be found, but though this doctrine as regards the Indians is professed by many of our countrymen, we trust it will never receive the sanction of our government.

There are also in the proceedings of the court martial several points which are susceptible of comment. As to the jurisdiction of the court we shall not pretend to give an opinion, but there are several deviations from the forms of law which are too evident and too material to pass unnoticed. We allude particularly to the admission of hearsay evidence, and the proof of handwriting by incompetent testimony. Far be it from us to impugn the motives of the gentlemen who composed the tribunal; our only regret is that the powers and the proceedings of courts martial have not been more minutely defined, and better understood than they appear to be. This is the fault of the government and not of the officers. We have heard of an instance in which a court martial refused to permit M'Nally's Evidence to be cited as authority, & declared that they would not be guided by what they termed the books of civil courts. Where then will they go for their rules of evidence, or whence will they derive any of the principles of the law which they are to administer? This is a subject which is worthy of serious consideration, and some pains should be taken by the government to organize and properly regulate those tribunals before which life, liberty, and reputation are so often placed in jeopardy.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Washington city, to the Editors of the Gazette, dated Dec. 9, 1818.

"You have no idea of the pressure that now exists in the commercial cities, and particularly Philadelphia. I never witnessed any thing to equal it. Many failures have taken place in that city within the last few days, and many more is looked for as a thing certain and unavoidable. The Banks in Philadelphia have, in the last six months, curtailed upwards of eight million of dollars and still continue the measure rigorously. Mercantile men say they are all ruined, and with them commerce must go by the board, unless Congress will do something to afford relief to the community. The only effective mode of giving relief, I fear, will not be afforded by Congress: that is a suspension of specie payments by the Banks. From what I learn, a large majority of that body will oppose this measure. Something will be brought before the House I have no doubt shortly on this subject, but in what shape I know not. It appears by the statement submitted by the S. U. S. to the Senate, that the Bank and all its offices had only $2,800,000 in specie. The amount of loans made by the Bank and its branches you will see by referring to the Intelligencer. It is impossible for the Banks to continue their operations under specie payments. In fact they do not pay specie now in effect, for when large sums are demanded, they pay out small change and five franc pieces, and make as much difficulty as possible, so that it may justly be said the Banks profess to pay specie until a demand is made and then decline it; for they might as well refuse at once as to offer such funds as would be useless to the receiver for any mercantile purpose. In Philadelphia, public confidence is entirely lost, and the money lenders would no longer loan their money at any rate. The pressure is now on men who were considered the most wealthy, and those who sustained their credit heretofore without difficulty. The cause is, that this description of men had heretofore been accomodated by the Banks, and now the Banks are unable to do so, consequently they are unable to meet their engagements."

In the House of Representatives, of Pennsylvania, on the 12th inst. Mr. Trevor, from the committee to whom was referred, on the 5th inst. the memorial of John Wurtz of the City of Philadelphia, complaining of official misconduct of Thomas Sergeant, Secretary of this Commonwealth, made report, that they have maturely considered and deliberated on the subject referred to them, and are of opinion, that none of the facts contained in said memorial, allowing them to be true as therein set forth, amount to a charge of official misconduct against the said Thomas Sergeant, on the contrary they plainly evidence on his part an anxious and laudible solicitude to befriend a young man, without benefit to himself, injury to any one, or violation of the law, by obtaining for him a clerkship with one of the contemplated auctioneers: the conduct of the Secretary in the endeavor to obtain this, is neither marked with corruption, dishonour, dishonesty, a violation of his faith as an officer, nor do we conceive it, as stated in the memorial, of such a nature as would furnish grounds for legislative inquiry into the matter. The Secretary has no power to appoint officers, and by the law the power of appointing auctioneers, is wholly vested in the Governor; over him the Secretary has no controul, nor have we the authority either directly or indirectly to call upon the Governor to render the reasons which have guided him in the exercise of this power so long as he exercises it within the limits pointed out by the constitution and laws. In this case neither blame censure, nor illegal exercise of this right is charged or even insinuated against the governor. Upon a candid investigation of the whole subject we are induced to offer the following resolution:

Resolved, that the facts set forth in the memorial of John Wurtz, are not a subject of legislative inquiry, and that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the same. Laid on the table.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

AMERICAN IMPROVEMENT,

Exemplified in the present state of HARMONY, Pa.

Where Connequenessing rolls silent and slow,
Mid scenes that smile bright with the labours of art;
Where the village bell toll to the hours as they flow,
With contentment and joy to the husbandman's heart;
By the mild star of evening to solitude led,
How delightful to muse in contemplative mood,
On charms that the fair face of nature o'erspread,
Where late frown'd a wilderness gloomy & dread,
And a white-man had scarce ever dar'd to intrude.

Where the white spires of Harmony rise to the sky,
Where industry spreads her enchantment around,
Where gay blooming meadows extend to the eye
And the blessings of rural enjoyment abound,
Where the hand of refinement with taste is display'd,
O! the time is not long since the savage & bear
And the wolf and the mammoth unitedly sway'd,
And none durst this death-lurking precincts invade,
For havoc, and war and destruction were there.

Perhaps on the spot where yon vineyard now blooms,
The buffalo found a retreat for her young;
Where the flowers of yon garden diffuse their perfumes,
The panther has dragg'd the young savage along!
Ere barbarous fiends from their coverts were driven,
Where the temple is rais'd to the Saviour's name;
Where the word of salvation to sinners is given,
Where on earth we are blest with a foretaste of heaven,
In *origies of blood* did the heathen blaspheme!

O! how feels the heart which philanthropy swells,
To behold *education*—that angel of light!—
On the young female bosom, where innocence dwells,
Bid the blest beams of knowledge shine lovely and bright!
'Tis a feeling as pure as the soul ever knew,
For while we contemplate the sweet virgin band,
As the lessons of virtue and truth they pursue,
The mothers of heroes and sages we view,
Who shall yet be the strength and the boast of our land!

How bright to our country the prospect appears!
Where roam'd the rude savage to cruelty bred,
Humanity smiles, and dismissing her fears,
In the sweet lap of knowledge reposes her head!
Triumphant improvement extends her domain,
Commanding the dark, howling forests to fly,
And thick peopl'd villages start on the plain,
While patriot's exult in prosperity's reign,
And freedom gives relish to all they enjoy.

M'ERIN.

* This alludes to the seminary for female education in Harmony, an excellent institution, and calculated to be of great utility to the western country.

Should any traveller, who may have in the year 1804 passed over the spot where Harmony now stands, when scarce an axe had been lifted against the undisturbed forest with which it was then covered, pay it now a visit, he must forcibly feel the contrast; and acknowledge that well-directed industry is capable of accomplishing wonders, and that the country where such instances of improvement, unassisted by public aid, or any peculiar local advantages, are exhibited, is in a rapid progress of prosperity.—Such is America even in her back-woods!

The representatives in Congress from this district informs us that "Congress have authorized the appointment of 12 additional clerks in the War-Office, for one year, for the express purpose of expediting the adjustment of the claims of persons desiring to be placed on the pension list under the act of March, 1818. The rolls from the different states have all been received, and no delay, will hereafter take place on that account. The gentleman at the head of the department has given assurances that he will use every exertion to adjust all applications now before him, between this and the 4th of March next." *Greensburgh Gaz.*

MILITARY PENITENTIARIES.

We learn that the plan for establishing Military Penitentiaries for Culprit Soldiers, instead of dungeons and death, was submitted to the consideration of Government several months ago; and the design and the reasonings approved, and the disposition of the writer much admired; but there is this difficulty in the business—It is doubted if the Government have the power of condemning a man to a Penitentiary for a term of time beyond his enlistment. It would seem that although a Court Martial may sentence a man to loose his life, they cannot, in the opinion of some commute that fatal sentence to a deprivation of his liberty beyond the term for which he was enlisted. A singular country this, where you can deprive a man of his life sooner than his liberty.—It is besides a curious question for the lawyer and civilians.

Bost. Pat.

By the report of the quarter master of the regiment, it appears that the 6th Infantry, commanded by Colonel Atkinson, and stationed on the Champlain frontier, have performed, since the 1st of April last, 25,716 days labour exclusive of their military duty, and the cultivation of a kitchen garden, which will supply the regiment with vegetables until the next season. *Nat. Int.*

Congress.—By reference to our sketch of the proceedings of Congress, it will be seen that a resolution of great importance was introduced into the Senate on Monday last, and another not less important, into the House of Representatives. *In the Senate* it is moved, that the committee on military affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of passing a law authorizing the President of the U. States to take provisional possession of East Florida, or of such parts of it, as he may deem essential, now or hereafter, to counteract the Indians, and to prevent them from committing hostilities against the United States; and in the House it was moved, that the committee on Publick Lands be instructed to enquire into the expediency of granting each state, a tract of land not exceeding 100,000 acres, for the endowment of a university in each state. It will doubtless be the wish of all the friends of literature & science, that the latter may be adopted by an unanimous vote.—*N. Y. Spec.*

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

The President laid before the Senate, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a report from the Director of the Mint, of the assays of foreign coins; which was read and referred.

Mr. *Johnson*, of Louisiana, having obtained leave, withdrew the resolution submitted by him some days ago, respecting a provisional occupation of East Florida; and in lieu thereof submitted the following, which lies on the table one day of course:

Resolved, that the president of the U. States be requested to lay before the Senate, copies of the correspondence between the government of the U. States and the government of Spain, relative to the cession of the Floridas to the United States, which has not already been communicated, and which, in his opinion, may be communicated with safety to the public interest.

The bill for the more convenient organization of the courts of the United States, and the appointment of circuit judges, was taken up, and, after some consideration given thereto, it was, on motion of Mr. *Smith*, postponed to Wednesday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The house having proceeded to the consideration of the resolution yesterday moved by Mr. *Holmes*, as amended on motion of Mr. *Cobb*, in the following words:

Resolved, That the committee on military affairs be discharged from the further consideration of so much of the President's message as relates to the trial of Arbuthnot and Ambrister, and the conduct of the war with the Seminole Indians; and that the same be referred to the committee of foreign relations, with instructions to inquire whether in said trials, the constitution and laws of the United States, or the law of nations, have been violated.

Pittsburgh Academy.

THE Trustees of this Institution, are requested to assemble at 6 o'clock, tomorrow evening, at the Academy, to receive the report of the Committee appointed at the last special meeting.

As the measures proposed, are of vital importance to this Seminary, it is hoped the attendance of the members may be general.

George Stevenson,
President of the Board of Trustees.
Dec. 22, 1818.

FOR SALE,

BY

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

SIXTY BOXES

TIN PLATE,

ONE THIRD IX I

Mill and Cross-cut Saws, Anvils and Vices,
English Blister and Crowley Steel,
Swedish Blister ditto
Weavers Reeds and Cane for reed-makers,
Coffee and Sugar—by the barrel,

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

suitable for the present season,

Pittsburgh, December 22.

James Riddle and Co.

Market, between Third and Fourth streets

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

and offer for Sale, a large supply of the following articles, viz.

283 Boxes Tin Plate,

BEST QUALITY,

Braziers copper, assorted,
Sheathing ditto, from 18 to 28 oz.
Still cocks assorted, different sizes,
Iron wire, No. 9 to 18.
Block tin,
Bright and black vices,
Mouse-hole anvils, warranted genuine,
American sheet-iron,
4d. cut nails,
Bolt iron ¾ in ⅛ 7-16 ¼.
American and English blistered steel,
English shear and German, ditto.
Shovels and spades, Eng.
Socket shovels.

ALSO,

TWENTY TONS PATENT ROLLED

American Boiler Iron,

in plates from 24 to 30 inches by 6 to 8 feet, this boiler iron, for high pressure engines or any iron work has been found superior to any in use in the United States.

All the above articles, they will sell on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22.—2mo.2aw.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT excellent FARM situate in the Forks of Yough, the property of CHARLES HARRAH, deceased—containing 236 acres and allowance. This valuable property lays within 16 miles of the city of Pittsburgh, 15 from Greensburgh, 9 from Williamsport, one mile from the Yough river, 4 from Elizabethown on the Monongahela river, within from one to three miles of three merchant mills on the Yough river, and three houses of public worship, the farthest of which is not more than four miles. The land is of the first quality—about 130 acres cleared, 15 of which is excellent meadow; one two story square log dwelling house, 30 feet square, with a kitchen; one other dwelling house, two stories high, 18 by 20 feet, well finished, with good cellars under both houses—an excellent spring house, with a never failing spring of water running through it; one barn 75 by 40 feet, few in the Forks superior—an orchard of about 200 trees, a number of the best grafts. Any person wishing to purchase will doubtless view the property, which will be shewn them by

SAMUEL HARRAH, } Ex'rs.
WM. LOUGHEAD. }

December 22, 1818.

Public Sale of a Farm.

ON Thursday next, (the day before Christmas) the subscriber will sell on accommodating terms, his FARM, containing upwards of 200 acres of first rate land, situated on the stage road from Pittsburgh to Wheeling, and in the immediate Fork of Chartiers creek, in Washington county, about 2 miles from Cannonsburgh, 9 miles from Washington and 15 miles from Pittsburgh. Sixty acres are in cultivation, sugar camps numerous—timber and springs excellent and abundant—stone coal, believed to be in great quantity, and the soil considered by judges to be as good as any in the county. Persons desirous to possess a situation unsurpassed for health, and having few superiors in general advantages, will not, it is supposed, fail to attend, as the subscriber is determined to sell. An indisputable and *warranted title*, clear of incumbrances will be given. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on the premises, where the terms will be made known by.

THOMAS MORGAN.

December 22, 1818.

Writing School.

G. & B. ELY respectfully inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity that they have opened a WRITING SCHOOL, at the corner of Market street and Diamond Alley, where the art is systematically taught with great success. Parents who feel interested in the education of their children and others who are anxious of becoming acquainted with this useful art are invited to call at their School room, and examine specimens of improvement which pupils have made in this place—likewise specimens written by the professors.

They are happy of having this opportunity for expressing their cordial thanks to those who have already had the liberality to patronize them in their laudable undertakings; are confident, that there are none who are not perfectly satisfied with the progress which their children have made. They are again invited to cherish an art of such utility.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15th, 1818.

Blanks For Sale Here.

New Goods.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by A. WAY & Co. a large assortment of

CHEAP GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

EXTRA Super Blue and Black broad cloaths,
Superfine and Common cloaths assorted colours,
Super. Dbl. Milled Cassimeres—Blue, Black, Coburg and mixed,
Fashionable Pelisse and Habit cloaths,
Drab, Bedford and Olive velvet cords,
Red, White and Yellow Flannels,
Rose and Point Blankets,
Double and single Gurnsey Frocks,
Black & Lead coloured Worsted Hose,
Lambs wool and worsted half do.
Bombazetts assorted colours,
Dark superfine and common Calicoes,
1 case 6-4 Cambrick muslins,
Steam Loom Shirtings,
Sewing Silks, assorted,
Tickings & 6-4 Checks,
Domestic Plaids and Chambry,
Cotton Yarn assort. Nos.
Shell and Horn Combs,
4-4 Irish Linens,
1 case Pins, No. 3½ 4 4½ and 5,
Best Ingrain Carpeting and Hearth Rugs,
5-4 Irish and Russia Sheeting,
8-4 & 10-4 Table Linen,
2 Bales India Muslins,
Flag, Bandanoe and Black Silk Handk'fs,
Merino and Waterloo Shawls,
Kon-Kane Crapes for Dresses,
Senshaws Levantine and Florence Silks,
Popline and Bombazene
Cut and Plush silk velvets assorted colours,
Superfine Black Silk netting,
Toilenet and swansdown vesting,
Silk Umbrellas,
Hair Plush for Sadlers,
Embroidering Cheneiles assorted,
Merino Socks, Black Sattin
Slates & Pencils.

ALSO,

Hardware and Cutlery;
Elegant *Fashionable* Waiters.

Queensware in Crates Assorted;
Tanners and Flaxseed Oil, by the Barrel;
Window Glass, Country Sugar;
Tobacco, Shot and Lead;
Imperial and Young Hyson Tea.

FOR SALE AS ABOVE, A FEW TONS OF

Sheet and Boiler Iron,

of Superior Quality.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22, 1818.—1aw3m.

Barker and Davis,

Have just received in addition to their former Stock, a large and elegant assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH, INDIA AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

Among which are the following:

SUPERFINE, fine and coarse CLOTHS; Pelisse cloths and figured flannels of various colours; double mill'd CASSIMERS, assorted colours; flannels, coatings and baizes; rose and point blankets; cords and velvets; bombazetts and rattinets; swansdown, toilinet, silk stripe and florentine vesting; lambs wool, worsted, silk and cotton hose, and half hose; IRISH LINNENS, superfine dressed and undressed calicoes; furniture do. cambric and carlisle ginghams; silk striped malabar; dimities; British and steam loom shirtings; long lawn and linen cambric; tabby velvets fashionable colours; imitation and chintz shawls; plain and twilled madras handkerchiefs; woollen comforts and capes; patent, web and net suspenders; white and coloured fringes; furniture and worsted binding; mull mull, jaconet, book, and leno figured and plain muslins; cambric and India do. Canton and French CRAPES; crape shawls and scarfs; merino shawls and handkerchiefs; levantine, damask, and waterloo shawls; black and fancy silk handkerchiefs; flag and company bandanoe do. levantine, florence, and Sanshaw silks; India and French sarcenet. A general assortment of RIBBONS; silk, thread, and cotton lace, black and colour'd ostrich feathers; chunelle and book cord; sewing silk and twist; ladies and gentlemen's silk, kid, York tan, and Beaver gloves; woolen and lined Beaver do, silk and gingham umbrellas.

Domestics.

Stripes, plaids and shambray cottons; shirtings, tickings, checks and shirtings; paper hangings. A general assortment of ladies, gentlemen's, and children's SHOES and BOOTS. Morocco and wool hats. Ladies fashionable *straw bonnets.*

ALSO

Queensware,

including one tea set of elegant French china containing 73 pieces.

A few setts of fashionable mantle ornaments.

ALSO

Groceries,

Coffee, tea, sugar, pepper, allspice, ginger, nutmegs, cloves, cinnamon, indigo, madder, allum, coperas, saltpetre, rosin, chalk, tobacco, herrings, shot, powder and lead, etc.

All of which they will sell at reduced prices for cash, approved paper or country produce, at their store in Market, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

All those indebted to B. & D. by either bond, note, or book account, a longer period than 4 months are requested to make payment immediately, as longer indulgence cannot with propriety be given.

December 1, 1818.——1aw6t.

FRESH GOODS.

The Subscribers have just received a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

suitable to the season, which they offer for sale, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms.

They have on hand an assortment of

Groceries, and

33 Kegs first quality BUTTER.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

Corner of Market and Second Streets.

Pittsburgh, November 4, 1818. 2m.

New Copartnership.

THE subscribers have formed a connexion in business, under the firm of SELDEN & M'NAIR.

EDWARD SELDEN
DUNNING R. M'NAIR.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND ARE NOW OFFERING FOR SALE,

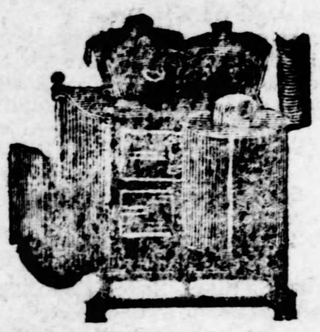
A NEW AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818.

Charles Postly's



PATENT COOKING STOVE.

H. MILLER having purchased of C. Postly of New York, the Patent Right of a Domestic Cooking & Parlour STOVE, has the pleasure of offering to the public for their patronage, the above stove, which for convenience, saving of labour and fuel, far surpasses any heretofore invented. It is a well known fact, that all those in use, are only calculated for the kitchen, for baking or retaining warmth in the room. The stove here offered to the public, is not only calculated for the kitchen for the purposes of extensive cooking, but is a handsome piece of furniture, for the sitting room when not wanted for the above purposes, and when cooking is done, by removing the boilers &c. can have a pleasant fire to sit by. In large cities, as well as in the country, many persons of comfortable circumstances prefer doing the cooking for the family in the same room they reside in for the winter season, as it supercedes the necessity of an extra fire. To such, this possesses every advantage, being an open and close stove combined, in which may be burned coal or wood, and can be placed in any part of the house where fire is wanted. The above stove has ovens for baking, and other conveniences for roasting or boiling, it also possesses the utility of boiling water in a wooden vessel, on the outside, for washing and other purposes. There are steamers attached to the boilers for cooking vegetables by the steam arising from the water while the meat is boiling.

The above stoves have been in operation in New-York for three years past, and their utility being so well known, they met with great approbation. The fixtures to some amount to eleven, seven of which may be in use at one and the same time, the largest size is calculated to cook a dinner for seventy or eighty persons.

Likewise Cast and sheet-iron Stoves, suitable for offices, stores, or bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

A constant supply of the above stoves will be kept furnished in the most complete manner,

AT THE

MANUFACTORY,

Corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburgh

and by my Agents at different places, for the convenience of persons residing at a distance, viz. OHIO—Mr. Appleton Downer, Zanesville, John M'Coy, Chillicothe, and Capt. Francis Carr, Cincinnati; KENTUCKY—Mr. George Lucky, Limestone, James M'Crum, Louisville, Luther Stephens, Lexington.

Pittsburgh, December 8, 1818. ——3mo

N. B. Stove-pipes, Sheet Iron, and Tinware, wholesale and retail.

Also, Copper, sheet iron and Tin ware made to order.

For New Orleans

Steam Boat TAMERLANE,

G. TURNEY, Master—will leave this about the 20th, inst. (if water permits) For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

JAMES L. BOGART.

December 15.

The Mechanicks Assistant,

OR A

Useful and Easy Guide,

TO THE

Different kinds of Work,

USUALLY DONE BY

Millwrights, Carpenters, Patternmakers. Blacksmiths, &c.

By DAVID TOWNSEND.

For Sale, by A. WAY & Co
Market between Third & Fourth streets
Pittsburgh, Dec. 8, 1818. 2w1m.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

HAVE REMOVED

To the WAREHOUSE, *formerly occupied by* FOSTER & DOANE, *in Water street, between Market and Ferry streets,*

WHERE THEY CARRY ON

Commission Business,

in the usual way.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 20, 1818. 3m2aw

Notice to Creditors.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, and that they have appointed Saturday the 26th of December, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at which time and place they are hereby notified to attend.

JOHN ENCELL.

November 30,

Notice.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Friday the 25th day of December next, to hear me and my creditors, at the court-house in the city of Pittsburgh, of which you will please to take notice.

ABRAHAM SMITH.

Allegheny County Jail, December 4, 1818.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received a large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,

100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,
15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,
20 Tons Juniata Iron,
FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED RIFLE POWDER,
1 Ton American Blistered Steel,
70 Barrels Fresh Flour.

—Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcord Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.

Pittsburgh, May 5, 1818.

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,

Pittsburgh, May 19 1818,——1awtf

Samuel Edgar & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale on accommodating terms.

[illegible]00 BOXES CINCINNATI SOAP,
400 Kegs manufactured Tobacco,
6Hhds. Leaf ditto, sup. qual.
10 Hhds. } New Orleans Sugar of a superior
50 Bbls. } quality—old crop
10 crates assorted QUEENSWARE,
20,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
500 lbs. Bar ditto,
30,000 lbs. Shot,
Bar and Roll'd Iron,
GLASS—all sizes

Hatter's Fur, etc.

Together with a general assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Liquors.*

5000 lbs. Salt-Petre (Crude)

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

Armstrong & Ewing.

Wood, between First & Second streets.

Have For Sale,

And are as us usual well supplied with

Groceries and Liquors,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Queensware,

BY THE CRATE—assorted

Also an Invoice of

HARDWARE:

Consisting of Mill and Cross-cut saws—Mouse-hole and common Anvils; Vices; patent Straw-Knives; Drawing Knives; Frying pans; Steelyards; Curry-combs; Iron Candlesticks; trowels; &c. which will be disposed of on liberal terms.

ALSO

A quantity of first rate CLARET WINE, by the dozen.

Pittsburgh, September 18, 1818.

---

300 Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from our store, on the night of the 22d inst. GEORGE R. ROBERTSON, who was employed by us as a clerk. He is between 24 and 27 years of age, about 5 feet 11 inches high, slender made, thin visage, aqueline nose, fair complexion, hazle eyes, high forehead and prominent cheek bones; his teeth in front considerably decayed; he is an Englishman by birth, said to be born in Liverpool. The said Robertson is well educated, and converses with considerable ease on most subjects. He is very genteel in his manner and person, and was for some time (we have understood) an officer in the British service. He took from our Cash drawer about $520 in current bank notes and gold, with the following notes of hand, and drafts, viz. Prospect K. Robbins' note for $600 85 cents due the 28th November next—ditto ditto for the same amount due the 28th January, 1819. John Campbell's note for $560, due 15th June, 1819 Mr. Pettus's note for $65, given to Thomas Rector, and by him transferred to us. Thomas W. Thruston's note for $30. John Bevins' note for $111, given to Henry L. Mills, and by him transferred to us, due first January 1819. A draft drawn by a Dr. Tealing in our favor on a Mr. Jackson of Baltimore, payable 60 days after date for two hundred dollars.

He is suspected of having taken a Pocket-book belonging to Mr. John Little of this place, which contained the following notes, with sundry other papers not recollected, viz. One note given by — M'Nair to J. Little payable and negociable at the Bank of Missouri, for $502 12 cents. One ditto Joseph M'Coy for $90 payable to T. Hanley—and one ditto L. Lawless for 300 dollars payable to J. Little. These were taken a short time since, and he no doubt will forge a transfer of them as well as of those he has taken from us, & attempt to pass them, as having been endorsed to him.

The above reward will be given and all reasonable expences paid to any person who will apprehend the said George R. Robertson, and deliver him to us in St. Louis, or one hundred dollars to any one apprehending and confining him in prison so that we may be able to bring him to justice and have him punished for the violent outrage he has committed.

HENRY W. CONWAY, & CO.

St. Louis, September 21, 1818.

---

20 Gallons first Quality Copal Varnish,

700 LBS. ALLUM

MADDER,

Just received and For Sale by

JOSEPH HILL, & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Market street, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, November 10.

William W. Bowell, & Co.

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Dido from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 12, 1818.——2awt

Allen & Grant,

HAVE

REMOVED

TO THEIR

NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE, IN FRONT street, between Market and Wood.

Pittsburgh, October 2, 1818.

Apples, Potatoes, Turnips & HOPS.

THE subscriber will attend at his Store room, fronting on the Diamond, on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 12 to 5 o'clock, in the afternoon, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 7 to 12 o'clock, in the forenoon, where those who want can be supplied with any quantity of the best grafted APPLES, also a large quantity of POTATOES, TURNIPS, and HOPS.

BENJAMIN HERR.

Pittsburgh, November 6, 1818.

☞ He has also a small quantity of TIMOTHY SEED, of the best quality.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered

FOR SALE.

Plumpsock Iron Works.

WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following

HOUSES AND LOTS,

situate in the borough of Union, to wit:

1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 20, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.

2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3, and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.

To be sold by
ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,
Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.
May 26th 1818.

Just Received & For Sale,

BY

Joseph Hill & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 lbs roll Brimstone	Irish Glue
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root	Rosin
1 do Liquorice Root	Copal Varnish,
1 do Senna Leaves,	1 case Magnesia
1 do Orange Peel	1 case Manna
1 do Pink Root	1 case Camphor
2 do Juniper Berries	3 dozen Apothecary Scales
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.	12 doz Spatulas, assortd
1 bbl. English Epsom Salts.	12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
Bbls. Glauber Salts.	Orris Root
Ditto powdered Barks	Oat-meal
Ditto Cream Tartar	Opium
Ditto Cinamon	Calomel
Ditto Gentian Root	Cantharides
400 lb English blue Vitriol	Barley, Rhubarb
2 bbls Venetian Red	Jalap, Ginger
30 kegs ditto ground in oil	Windsor Soap
1 case Gum Copal	Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
Bbls Spanish Brown	Phials—assorted
Bbls Spanish Whiting	Allum
Verdegris by the sack	Copperass
Oil Vitriol by the carboy	Indigo
Blue Strewing Smalts	Gall's Logwood, etc.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs, Paints, Patent Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

Which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.

Pttsburgh, July 21, 1818. 1awtf

German Redemptioners.

FOR SALE.

THE time of an indented MAN and WOMAN, who have two years and about six months to serve. The Man is a rough carpenter, and both understand farming very well; but particularly the culture of the vine, and gardening; the woman is also a good spinner. They are sold for want of employ. Enquire at this, or the Mercury office.

August 25, 1818. tf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix.
PETER MOWRY, } Exec'rs.
JAMES PATTERSON, }

May 20, 1818. tf

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS taken into partnership his brother JOHN HILL. Their business will be transacted under the firm of

William & John Hill:

Who have just received and offer for sale at their Wholesale Warehouse,

In Market, near Front street—and at their Retail Store, corner of Market and Fourth streets,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FRESH GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE habit and second cloths—blue, black, brown, mixed and bottle,
Milled and common cassimeres—blue, black, mixed, drab and buff,
Flannels, baizes and bombazetts,
Cords, velvets, and cotton cassimeres,
Prints, ginghams, cambric, fancy and colored muslins,
Shirtings, checks and tickings,
Domestic plaids and stripes,
Fancy and common waist-coating,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks
Canton and French crapes,
Bandanna, black silk and Madrass handkerchiefs,
Irish linnen, lawn and linnen cambric,
Ditto shirting, dowlas and diaper,
Men's and woman's Beaver and silk gloves,
Ditto ditto silk, worsted and cotton hose,
Ribbands, galoons, laces, silk and cotton shawls,
Buttons, sewing silk,
Silk twist, Scotch thread, linnen tapes,
Bindings, needles, pins, combs,
Suspenders, bonnets,
Looking glasses, tea trays and a great variety of fancy articles.

An assortment of

PAPER HANGING

An assortment of fine and common

CUTLERY.

Anvils, vices, frying pans, trace chains,
Coffee-mills,
WALDRON'S corn and grass scythes,
German scythes and straw knives,
German and Millington crowley steel,
Sheet-iron,
Tea-kettles, &c.

Queensware,

IN ASSORTED CRATES.

China tea sets and fancy Liverpool ware,

COFFEE, in bags,

Young Hyson Tea, in chests and boxes,

Chocolate,	Spanish indigo,
Pepper,	Copperas,
Allspice,	Logwood,
Ginger,	Windsor soap,
Cloves,	Figs,
Nutmegs,	Tanners' oil.

A general assortment of

SHOES.

☞ The most of the above goods were bought by the package on moderate terms, and will now be sold at a small advance.

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——1awtf

PHILADELPHIA, September 11, 1818.

I DO hereby certify, that Mr. Thomas M'Lanahan has been in my employment for upwards of three years, as Clerk, Collector, &c. during which time he has conducted himself with propriety; and I have always found him to be an honest and industrious man, in whom the greatest confidence may be placed.

James L. Vauclain.

The Pittsburgh Mercury and Gazette, Fredonian Chilicothe, and the Lexington Reporter, will insert the above in their paper six times and forward their accounts to the subscriber at Philadelphia.

T. M'Lanahan.

C. Latshaw and Leech,

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR WAREHOUSE

Corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

SHOVELS & spades, Amer. Man. sup. quality,	Anvils and Vices,
Pig Lead,	Calf and sheep skins.
Tobacco,	Window Glass,
	Sickles,

Also, an assortment of

GROCERIES, viz.

Green coffee in barrels,	4th proof Jam. spirits
Lump sugar,	Cogniac Brandy,
Alspice,	Rice,
Pepper,	Chocolate,
Allum,	Raisins in boxes,
Almonds.	Cod Fish,
Spanish segars,	Corks.

Conemaugh Salt.

Ditto Refined for Table use.

JUST RECEIVED,

18 *Barrels New Orleans* Sugar.

Pittsburgh, July 17, 1818.

To Tanners Distillers, & Farmers.

THE subscriber assignee of JARED OLD'S PATENT IRON MILL for Grinding Bark, Corn and Cobb, &c. for the States of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, informs the public that they are made and kept for sale by Mr. George Sutton who is sole agent in Pittsburgh to sell Mills in those states, their utility in grinding bark is well known and established to be the best in use. To Distillers they answer a valuable purpose to shell corn and grind the cobb, and by distilling the cobb it is found to make a saving of about one fifth of this method.—To Farmers, to grind feed for cattle, the mill will crack nearly all the corn and grind the cobb quite fine.—There are now a considerable number of those mills in use for that purpose, and are highly approved of—Distillers and Farmers in the above states are solicited to make trial of them.—I will warrant them to answer the purpose as described.

Orders for mills will be attended to by Mr. George Sutton, where they can only be had in Pittsburgh, and will be by him forwarded.

For the information of the public I give this

NOTICE.

That all mills, sold in the above states by agent of Luther Gale, is an infringement on my right nor has there any of Gales's mills been sold or used in the western country for grinding bark to my knowledge. Jared Olds' improvement consists of an Iron hopper cast solid on the cylinder or tube and cogs or sharp pointed teeth placed in rows on the inside of the mill. I therefore forbid all persons from making, using or selling mills of the above description in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, without authority from myself or Alvin Bates and our agents, as all persons found violating said patent, may rest assured that sooner or later they will pay us for our right, if there is law and justice to recover it.

DYER PEARL.

May 1, 1818.——1awtfeC.S.

Valuable Estate with Merchant Mills, for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, adjoining Noblestown, situated on Robinson's run in Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa. twelve miles from Pittsburgh; on which, there are improvements equal to any in the western country, consisting of a merchant Grist MILL, SAW-MILL and CARDING Machinery, all lately rebuilt anew and in complete order, about 200 acres cleared, and under good fence, of which a sufficient proportion is bottom and good meadow—a large orchard of choice fruit of different kinds. There are on different parts of the tract, two large, well finished and convenient square log houses, one of which has an additional building of stone, with two convenient rooms. There are stables, a barn and other out houses. This tract is well watered, and can all be cultivated. It is susceptible of division, and will be divided to suit purchasers. The Mills, one dwelling house with from fifty to two hundred acres can be laid off in one tract, and the balance will be sold altogether or divided to suit purchasers. For a farther description and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to John M'Donald, esq. Pittsburgh.

HENRY NOBLE.

September 18, 1818.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE subscribers trading under the firm of IRWIN & GEORGE, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved their Partnership. All persons indebted to, or having demands against the above firm will, as early as possible present their accounts to John Irwin for settlement.

JOHN IRWIN,
MATHEW GEORGE.

Pittsburgh, October 15, 1818. tf

☞ The business will be carried on as usual at the corner of Liberty & 4th street, by

JOHN IRWIN.

BUTTER.

THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM & JOHN HILL

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,	Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Spanish and country Segars,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Rosin soap and candles,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Trace and Log chains,	Earthen & Queensware,
Patent beams and Steelyards,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Copperas, rosin, Indigo,
Scythes and sickles,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Carpenter's adze',	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar,
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——1awtf